### FRANCE - BERKELEY

# Scientific impact of the program (2008-2018)

**MESR-DAEI / MEAE** 

2021

http://www.enseignementsup-recherche.gouv.fr



#### **GENERAL PRESENTATION OF THE PROGRAM**

**Creation: 1993** 

The purpose of this program is to develop excellence scientific and technological exchanges between the French and Berkeley laboratories, by promoting new scientific collaborations and integrating in the projects young researchers and PhD students.

Total budget (France + Berkeley): around 240 000 € / year

- >> including budget from the French part : around 117 000 € / year
- >> including budget from the US part : around 123 000 € / year

Average budget per project (France + Berkeley) : around 12 500 € / year

Number of new funded projects per year: around 19

#### From 2008-2018:

**859** applications submitted

243 projects funded



#### **DATA SOURCES**

# Data base (2008-2018)

- France-Berkeley applications
- Scientific mobilities

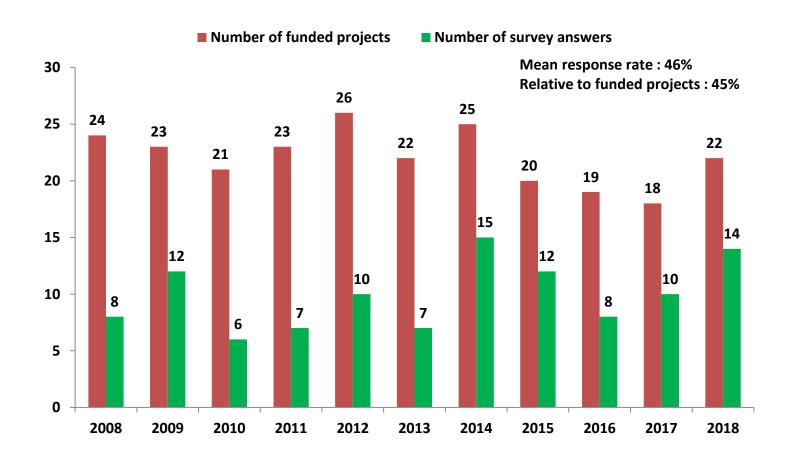
# **Survey (2008-2018)**

- Target: French Principal Investigators of selected projects between 2008 and 2018
- Survey duration: from February 11 to May 16, 2020
- 46% response rate (109 respondents for 235 queries)



### **SURVEY RESPONSES**

Average response rate to the survey: 46 % (109 answers)



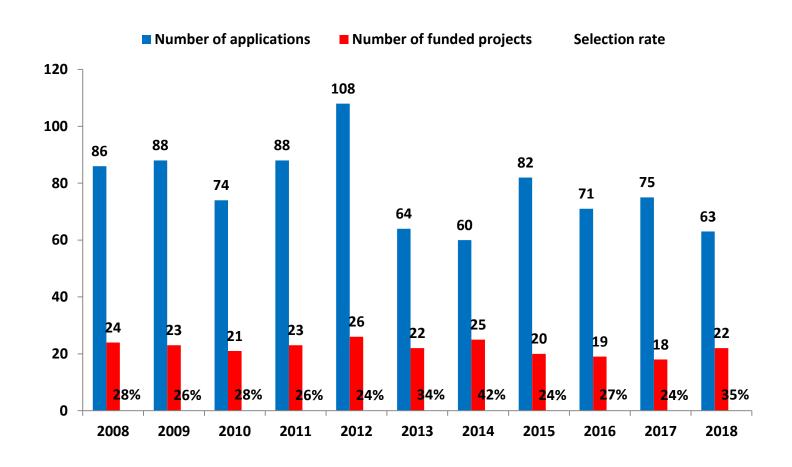
243 funded projects between 2008 and 2018, 235 valid email adresses



# **2008-2018 Key Points**

## **NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS AND SELECTION RATE**

#### Average selection rate from 2008-2018: 29%

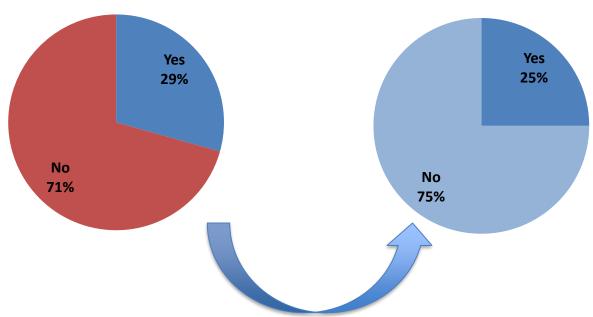




# BEFORE JOINING THE FRANCE BERKELEY PROJECT (1/2)

Did you already cooperate with USA in the past?

If yes, was it with the same partner?



Data from 109 responses

Data from 48 responses



# BEFORE JOINING THE FRANCE BERKELEY PROJECT (2/2)

With which of scientific collaboration program?		
Fulbright	11%	
Chateaubriand	11%	
Previous FBF	11%	
NSF	9%	
France - MIT Funds	6%	
France - Chicago Funds	6%	
France - Stanford Funds	6%	
Thomas Jefferson Fund	0%	
Others	40%	

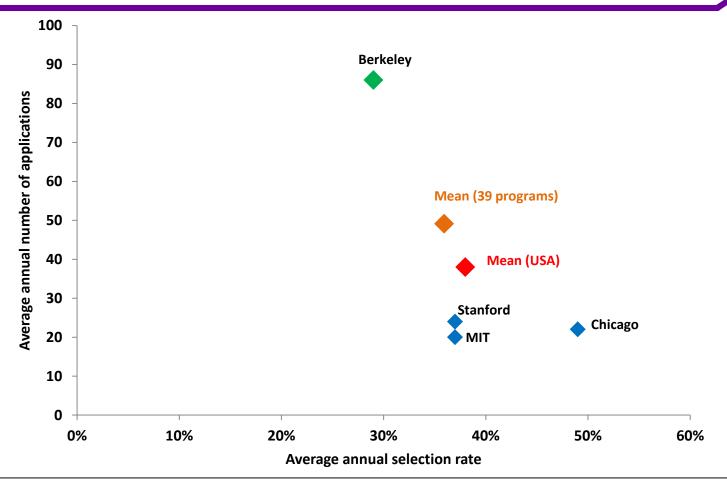
Others: Marie Curie program, INRIA associate team, Postdoctoral fellow...

Data from 35 responses



## **NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS VS SELECTION RATE**

(COMPARISON BETWEEN 39 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMS)

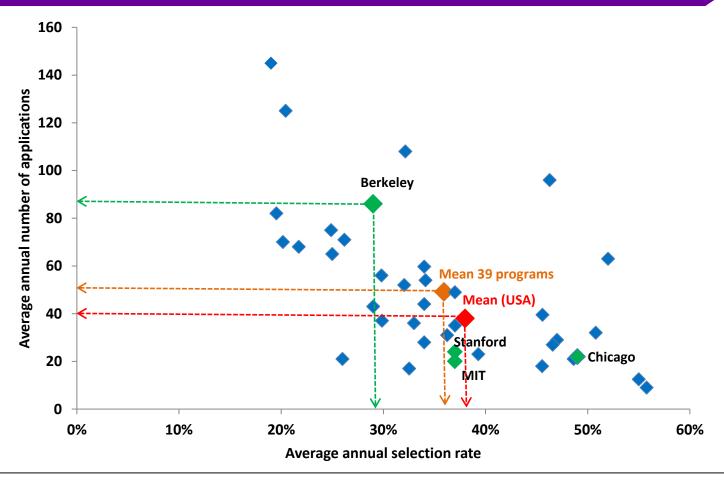


Average selection rate for 2008-2018 : 29% vs 38% mean USA and 36% general mean Average number of applications 2008-2018 : 86 vs 38 mean USA and 49 general mean

DE LA RECHERCHE

### **NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS VS SELECTION RATE**

(COMPARISON BETWEEN 39 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMS)

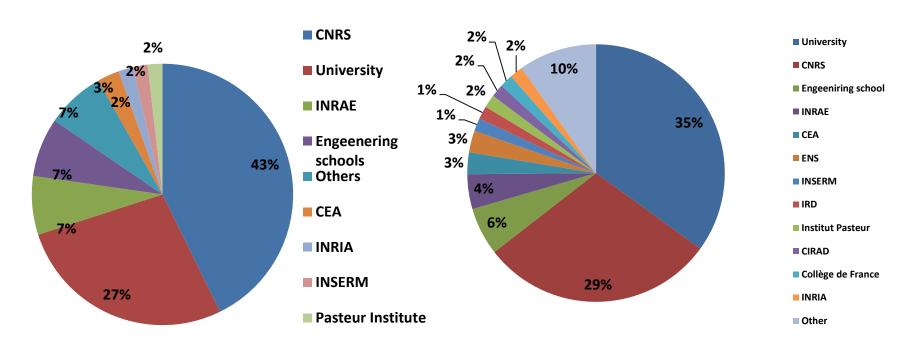


Average selection rate for 2008-2018 : 29% vs 38% mean USA and 36% general mean Average number of applications 2008-2018 : 86 vs 38 mean USA and 49 general mean

### FRENCH PARTICIPATING INSTITUTIONS

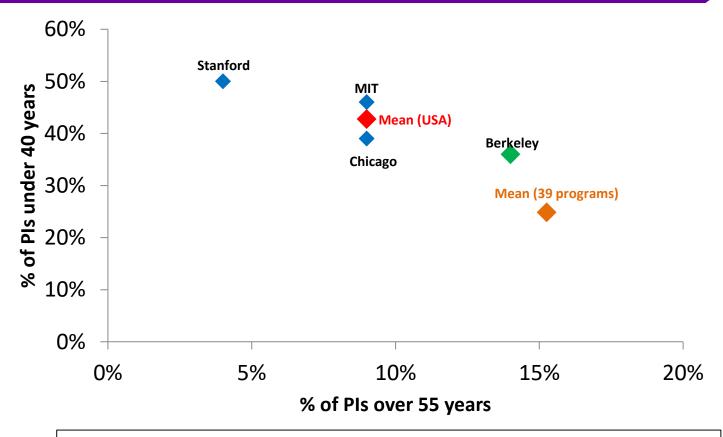
#### PI's employers

#### **Laboratory authorities**



## AGE OF PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORS (PI)

#### (COMPARISON BETWEEN 39 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMS)



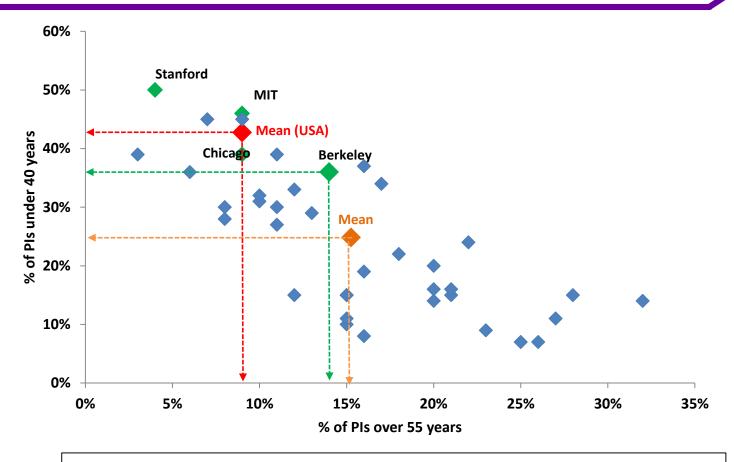
Pls under 40 years old: 36% vs 43% mean USA and 25% general mean Pls over 55 years old: 14% vs 9% mean USA and 15% general mean

50% of the PIs are between 40 and 55 years old



## AGE OF PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORS (PI)

#### (COMPARISON BETWEEN 39 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMS)



PIs under 40 years old: 36% vs 43% mean USA and 25% general mean PIs over 55 years old: 14% vs 9% mean USA and 15% general mean

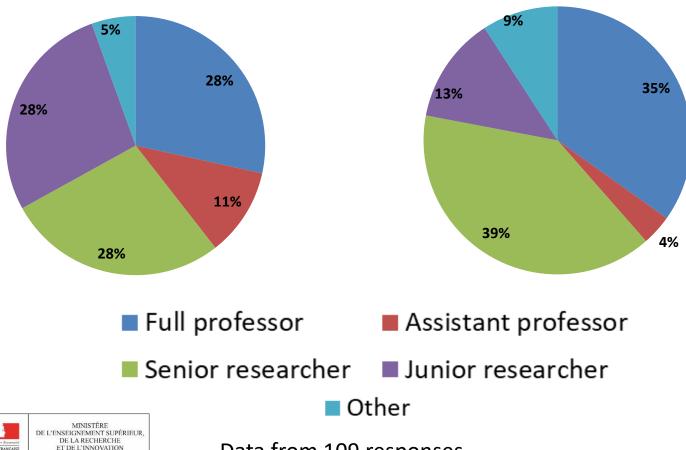
50% of the PIs are between 40 and 55 years old



# PROFESSIONAL FUNCTION OF FRENCH PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORS

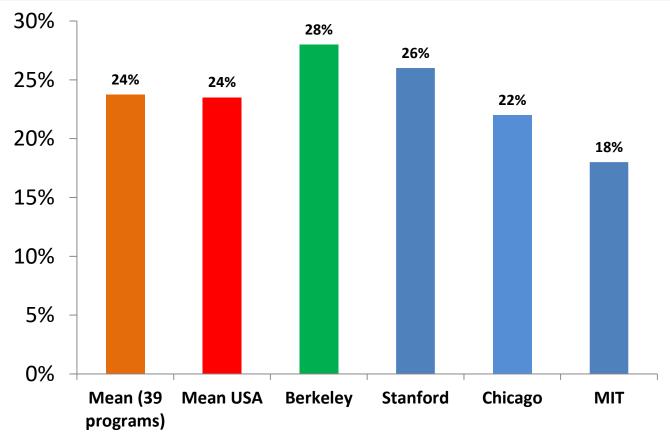
# Previous professional status (at the beginning of the project)

## **Current professional status**



# **IMPLICATION OF WOMEN (FRANCE)**

(COMPARISON BETWEEN 39 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMS)



% of women PIs in financed projects

% of women PIs in the applications : NOT AVAILABLE

**% of women PIs in the selected projects: 28% vs 24% mean USA and** 

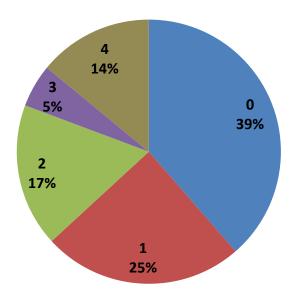


# PARTICIPATION OF FRENCH YOUNG RESEARCHERS

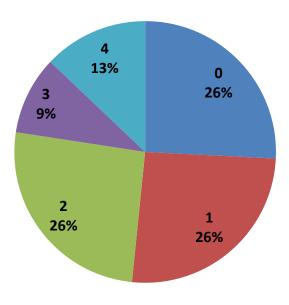
#### **Number of Masters**

# 1 1 14% 0 63%

#### **Number of PhDs**



Number of postdoctoral researchers



29% of projects involve at least one Master student

45% of projects involve at least one PhD student

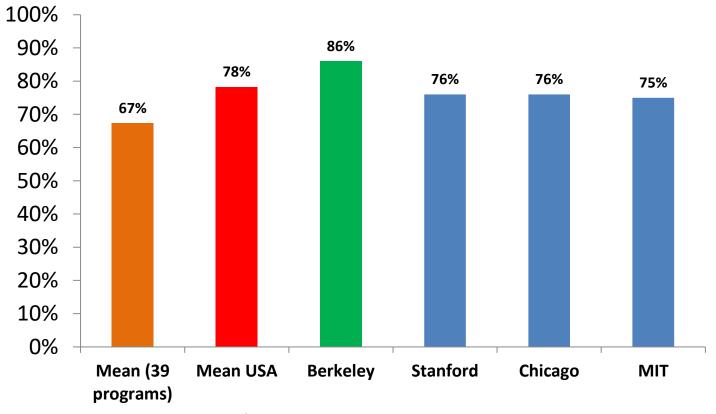
64% of projects involve at least one post-doctoral researcher

Data from 109 responses



#### IMPLICATION OF YOUNG RESEARCHERS

#### (COMPARISON BETWEEN 39 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMS)



% of projects implying PhDs and postdocs

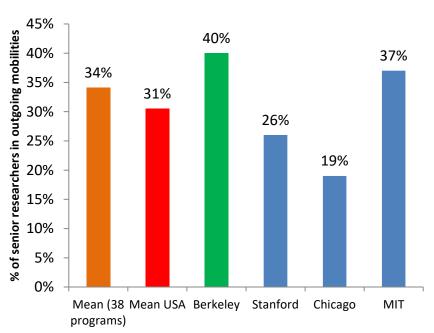
% of projects implying young researchers: 86% vs 78% mean USA and 67% general mean % of PhD or postdoc implicated in the copublications: NOT AVAILABLE



# **MOBILITY**

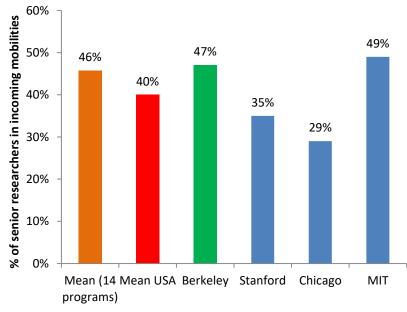
#### **YOUNG RESEARCHERS MOBILITY 2017-2019**

France → USA
Comparison between 38 bilateral programs



% of young researchers in outgoing mobilities

# USA → France Comparison between 14 bilateral programs



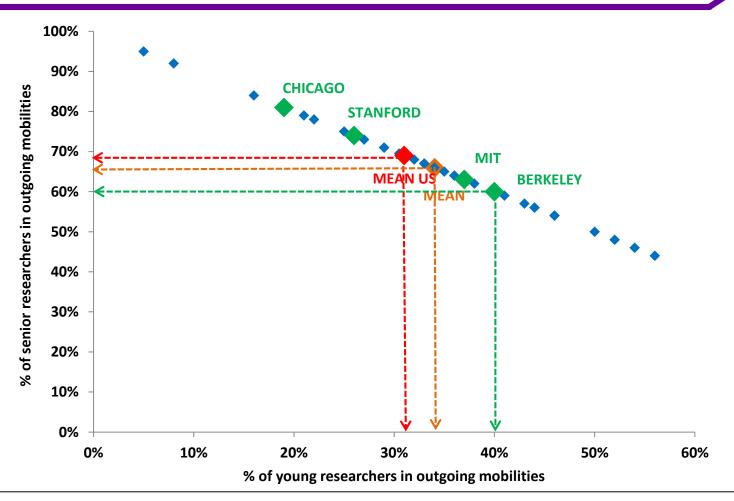
% of young researchers in incoming mobilities

% of french young researchers in outgoing mobilities : 40% vs 31% mean USA and 34% general mean % of american young researchers in incoming mobilities : 47% vs 40% mean USA and 46% general mean



#### FRENCH YOUNG RESEARCHERS MOBILITY 2017-2019

France → USA
Comparison between 38 bilateral programs

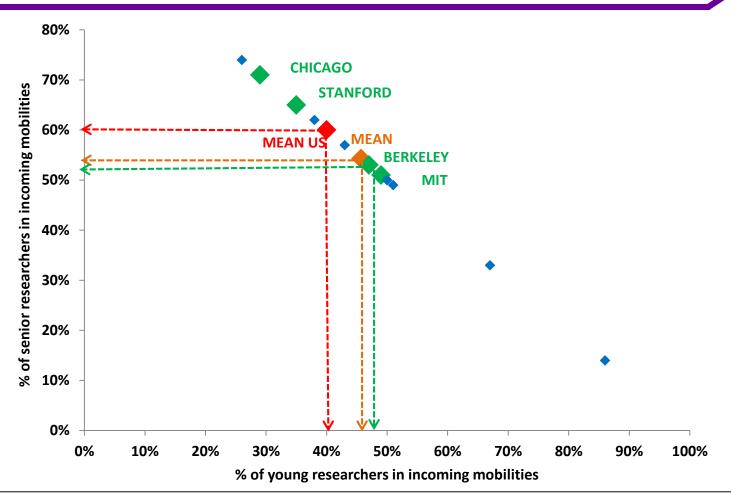


% of french young researchers in outgoing mobilities : 40% vs 31% mean USA and 34% general mean



### **AMERICAN YOUNG RESEARCHERS MOBILITY 2017-2019**

USA → France
Comparison between 14 bilateral programs

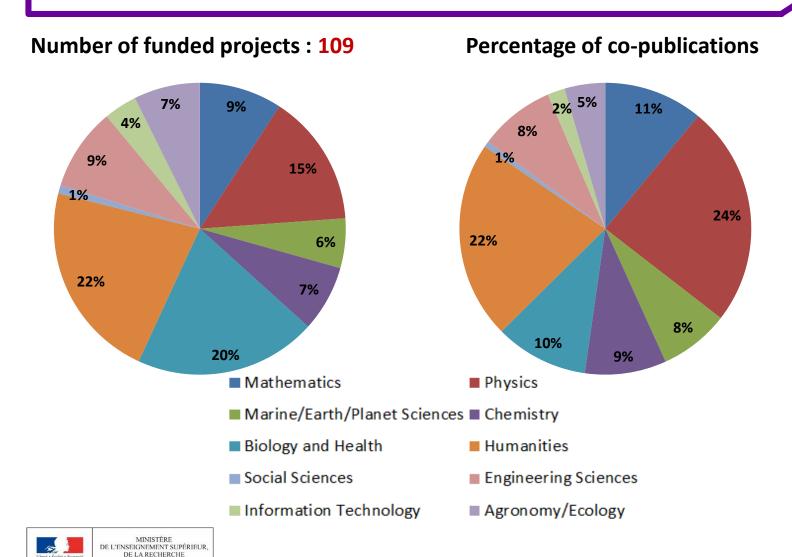


% of american young researchers in incoming mobilities : 47% vs 40% mean USA and 46% general mean



# SCIENTIFIC PRODUCTION (2008-2017)

# **SCIENTIFIC OUTPUT (1/2)**



# **SCIENTIFIC OUTPUT (2/2)**

#### Data from 94 funded projects

	Number of financed projects in the survey	Average number of co-publications per project
Mathematics	10	1,7
Physics	15	2,5
Marine/Earth/Planet Sciences	6	2,0
Chemistry	6	2,3
Biology and Health	18	0,9
Humanities	19	1,8
Social Sciences	1	1,0
Engineering Sciences	10	1,3
Information Technology	4	0,8
Agronomy / Ecology	5	1,4
TOTAL	94	1,6

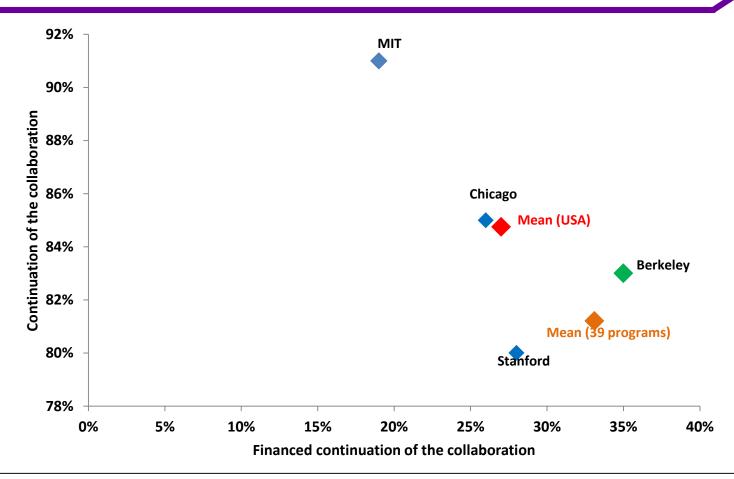
Overall average annual number of co-publication per project : 1,6 vs 0,90 general mean

68% of funded projects led to one co-publication at least



# WHAT HAPPENS AFTER JOINING THE FRANCE-BERKELEY PROGRAM?

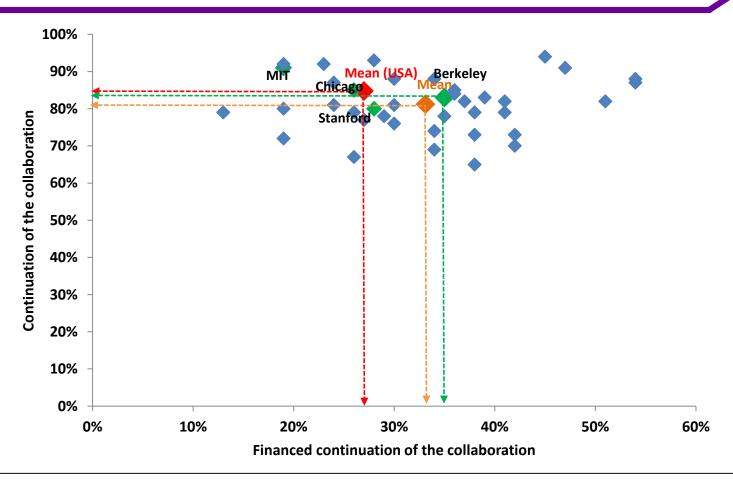
## CONTINUATION OF THE COLLABORATION (1/6) (COMPARISON BETWEEN 39 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMS)



Continuation of the collaboration: 83% vs 81% mean USA and 81% general mean Continuation of the collaboration with other grants: 35% vs 27% mean USA and 33% general mean



## CONTINUATION OF THE COLLABORATION (2/6) (COMPARISON BETWEEN 39 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMS)



Continuation of the collaboration: 83% vs 81% mean USA and 81% general mean Continuation of the collaboration with other grants: 35% vs 27% mean USA and 33% general mean



# **CONTINUATION OF THE COLLABORATION (3/6)**

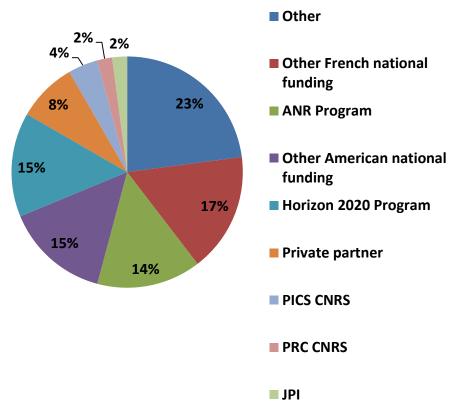
# 83% of the collaborations continued after the France-Berkeley project

Which activities?	
Collaborative research	76%
Researchers mobility	51%
Co-publications	50%
Joint participation at conferences	32%
PhD mobility	23%
Co-organisation of scientific events	21%
Joint participation at PhD thesis	9%
Mobility of Master's students	4%
Others	1%



# **CONTINUATION OF THE COLLABORATION (4/6)**

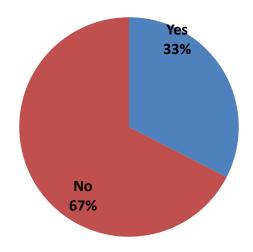
#### What kind of funded collaborations after the France-Berkeley project?





# CONTINUATION OF THE COLLABORATION (6/6)

## Has the French-US collaboration involved new partners?



For a total of 39 new partners from 8 different countries



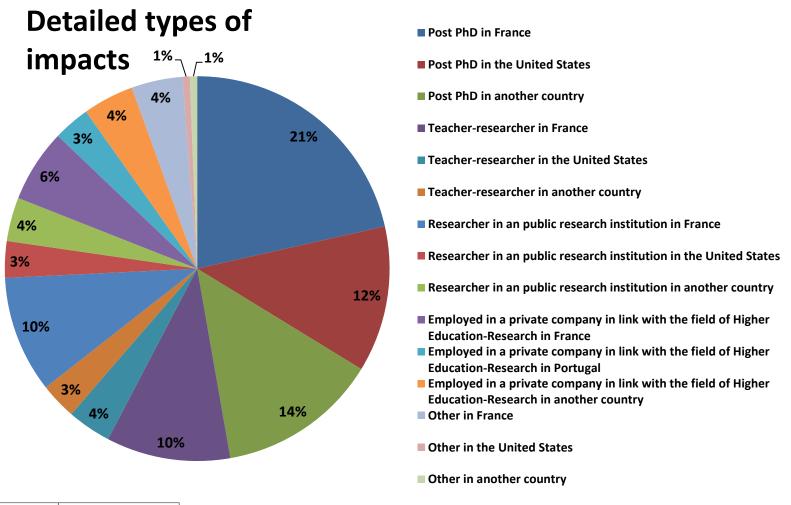
# **IMPACT ON YOUNG RESEARCHERS' CAREER (1/2)**

Was young researchers' career Type of impacts impacted by the France-■ Researcher in a public **Berkeley program?** research institution 27 6% (permanent position) 17% 22 I don't know 13% ■ Teacher/Researcher 19% (permanent position) No 5% 28 ■ Postdoc/Teacher/Research 17% er (temporary position) Yes Employed in a private 76% company in link with the 77 field of Higher Education -47% Research Other Data from 109 responses



Data from 83 positive responses for a total of 163 young researchers

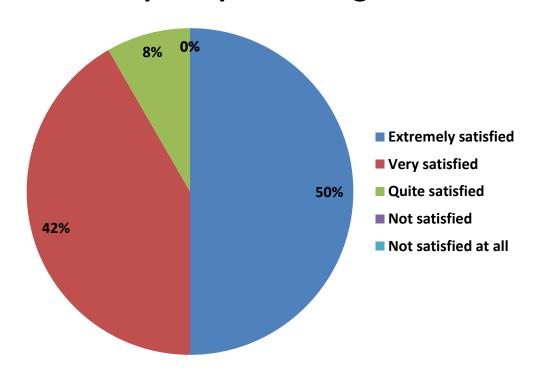
# **IMPACT ON YOUNG RESEARCHERS' CAREER (2/2)**





# GENERAL OPINION OF FRENCH PIS ON THE PROGRAM

## **100%** of French principal investigators are satisfied





Data from 108 responses



# GENERAL OPINION OF FRENCH PIS ON THE PROGRAM (2/3) POSITIVE COMMENTS



#### **SURVEY OF 109 FUNDED PROJECTS**

Strengths of this program	Number of occurencies (out of 503)	% (out of 109)
Simplicity of the application process	92	84%
Fostering an international research collaboration	71	65%
Easy implementation (administrative flexibility)	71	65%
Fostering researchers' mobility	65	60%
Fostering the training of the young researchers	59	54%
Fostering exchanges enabling scientific production	39	36%
Helpful to initiate other fundraising	28	26%
Good scientific-added value on financial investment	19	17%
Sufficient financial means for the mobility costs	19	17%
Helping to know the partner country	17	16%
Transparency of the selection process	12	11%
Sufficient amount of mobility time given to collaborate	9	8%
Sufficiently long duration of the projects	1	1%
Other	1	1%
Total number of occurencies	503	

# GENERAL OPINION OF FRENCH PIS ON THE PROGRAM (3/3) NEGATIVE COMMENTS



#### **SURVEY OF 109 FUNDED PROJECTS**

Weaknesses of this program	Number of occurencies (out of 62)	% (out of 109)
Length of support too short	59	54%
Financial means insufficient for the expenditure of mobility (transport)	42	39%
Financial means insufficient for the expenditure of mobility (per diem)	42	39%
Insufficient financial means to cover a project	42	39%
Difficult to continue the collaboration	21	19%
Lack of transparency in the selection process	12	11%
Administrative complexity	4	4%
Too short duration of mobilities	0	0%
Too long duration of mobilities	0	0%
Too low number of mobilities	0	0%
Insufficient communication on the evaluation's results	0	0%
Heaviness of the process of applications	0	0%
Other	14	13%
Total number of occurencies	236	

#### PRELIMINARY CONCLUSIONS

Preliminary conclusions suggest that the funding scheme has efficiently contributed to create (or to maintain) fruitful and long-term cooperation, despite the relatively low financial support, which is to be considered as "seed money".

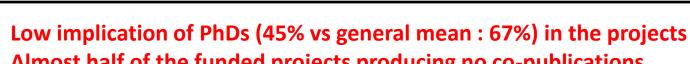


France-Berkeley program initiates 71% of new collaborations High number of applications

Average scientific production better than the mean (1,5 vs 0,9)

Good percentage of continuation of the cooperation (83%)

High positive impact on the career of young researchers involved in the projects





Almost half of the funded projects producing no co-publications

Capacity of involving new partners during continuation of the cooperation (only 33% of the projects)



# PRELIMINARY RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FRENCH PIS

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS**

- Increase the scientific co-production
- Increase the participation of PhD students in the projects



French national ministries (MESR / MEAE) will provide a complete analysis of the survey. It will be sent to the recipients of the funding and participants in this symposium.

# **CONTACTS**

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Thank you for your attention

