# FRANCE – MEXICO ECOS NORD MEXIQUE 24 YEARS ANNIVERSARY

Scientific impact of the program (2007-2017)

**MESRI-MEIRIES / MEAE** 

2018

http://www.enseignementsup-recherche.gouv.fr



# GENERAL PRESENTATION OF THE PROGRAMME

**Creation** : 1994

Total budget (France + Mexico): around 580 000 € / year

>> including budget from France : 290 000 € / year \*

>> including budget from Mexico : same € / year

Number of new projects per year : ~ 10

From 2007-2014:

281 applications submitted

87 projects funded



## **DATA SOURCES**

## **ECOS North Mexico committee**

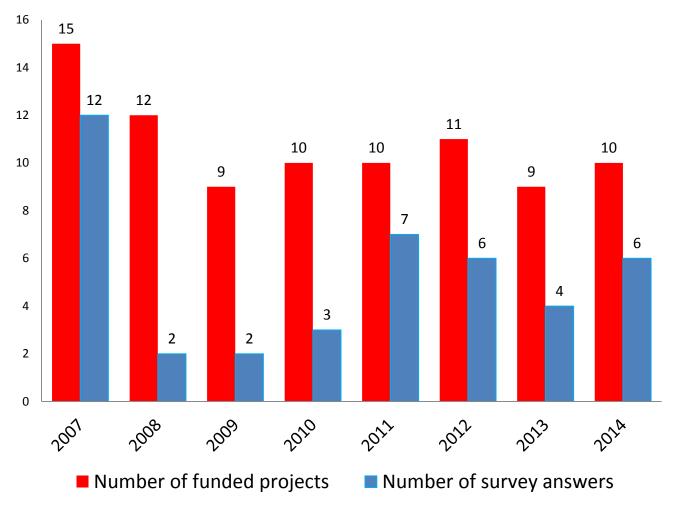
- Informations about applications to the ECOS Nord Mexique program
- List of mobilities (France to Mexico)

# **Survey** (conducted by the French Ministry of Higher Education, Research and Innovation)

- Target: Principal Investigators of selected projects between 2007 and 2014
- Survey duration: 1 month between **February and March 2018**, focusing on the projects funded between 2007 and 2014
- 49% response ratio (42 respondents for 86 funded projects)

## **ANSWERS TO THE SURVEY**

Average response rate to the survey: 49 % (42 answers)



42 answers (49 %)

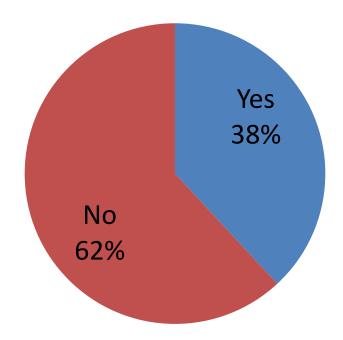


# **2007-2017 Key Points**



# BEFORE THIS ECOS NORD MEXIQUE PROGRAMME (1/2)

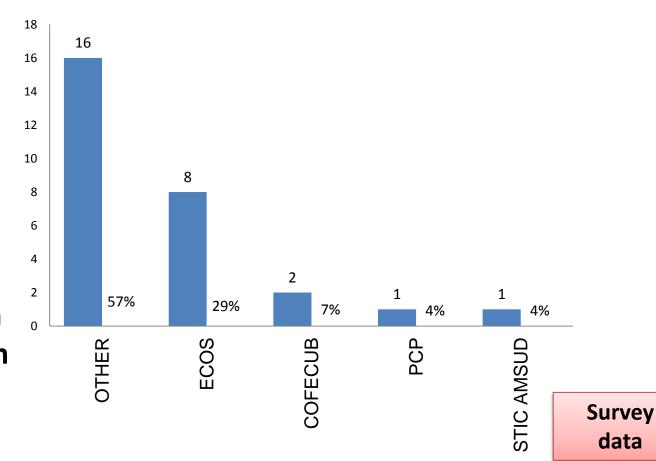
Participation to another cooperation program supported by France in Latin America before this ECOS North Mexico program



Survey data

# BEFORE THIS ECOS NORD MEXIQUE PROGRAMME (2/2)

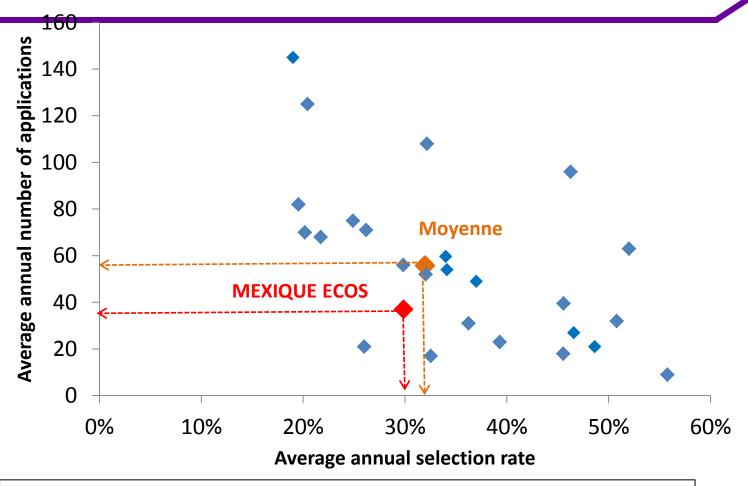
Participation to another cooperation program supported by France in Latin America before this ECOS North Mexico program





## **NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS VS SELECTION RATE**

(COMPARISON BETWEEN 26 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMMES)

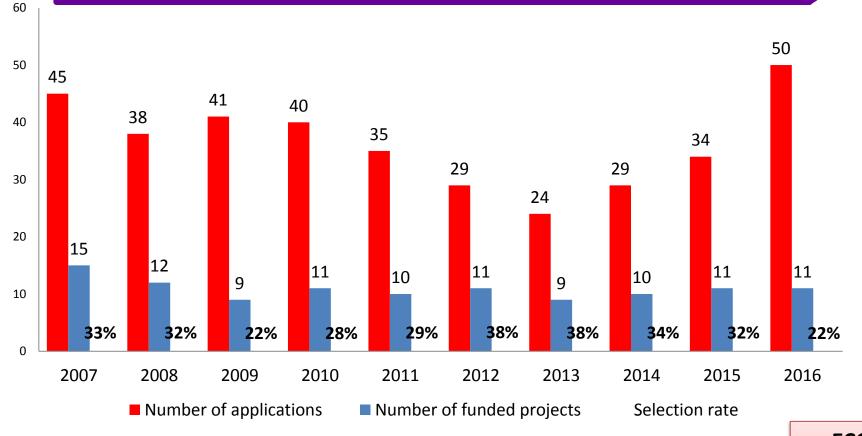


Average selection rate for 2007-2017 : 30% vs 32% mean Average number of applications 2007-2017 : 37 vs 56 mean



## **SUCCESS RATE**

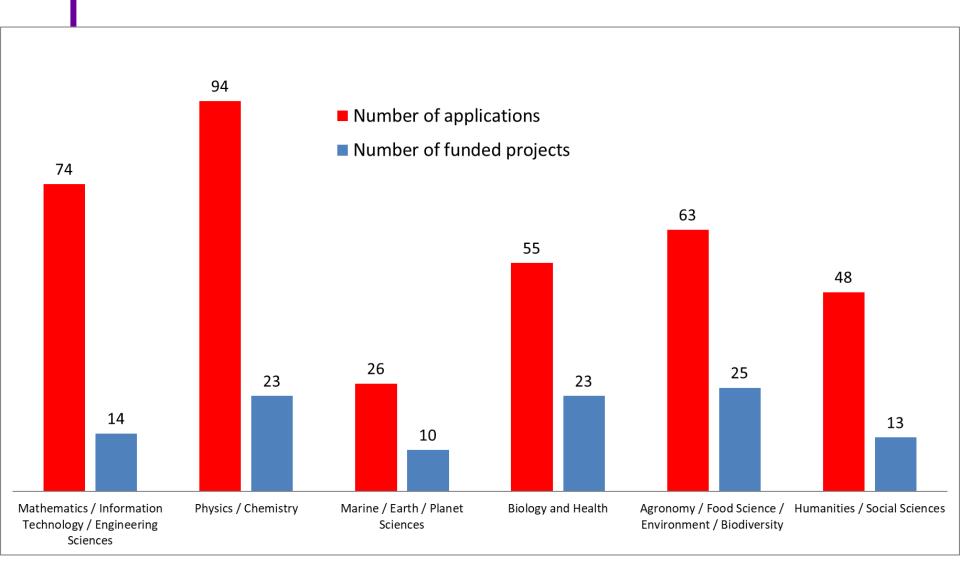
Average selection rate from 2007-2016: 30 %



ECOS Committee data



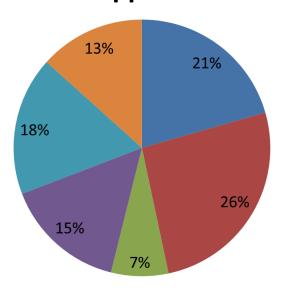
## **SCIENTIFIC DOMAINS**





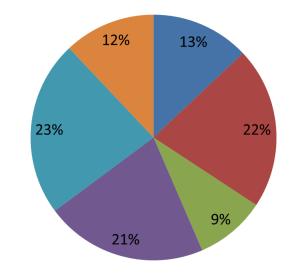
# **SCIENTIFIC DOMAINS OF PROJECTS**

#### Number of applications: 360



- Mathematics / InformationTechnology / Engineering Sciences
- Physics / Chemistry
- Marine / Earth / Planet Sciences

#### Number of funded projects: 108

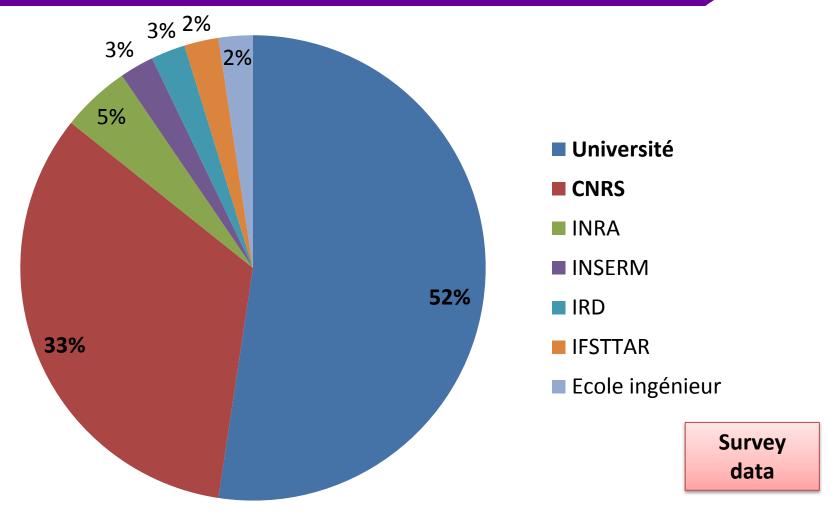


- Biology and Health
- Agronomy / Food Science / Environment / Biodiversity
- Humanities / Social Sciences

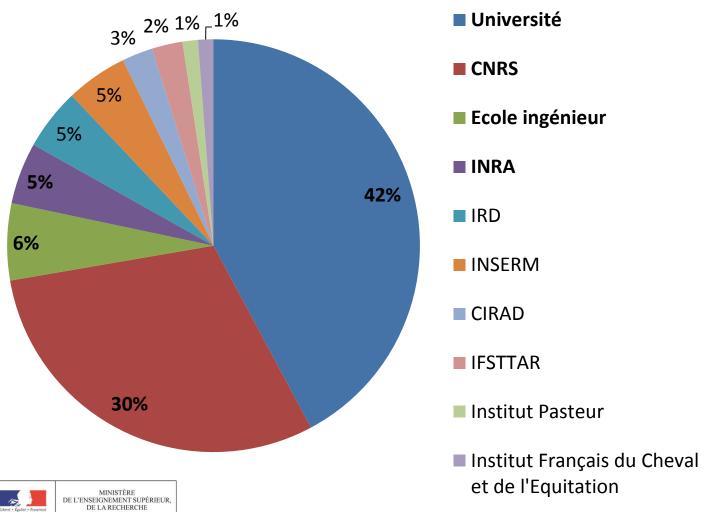
ECOS Committee data



# MAIN FRENCH PARTICIPATING INSTITUTIONS (PIS EMPLOYERS)



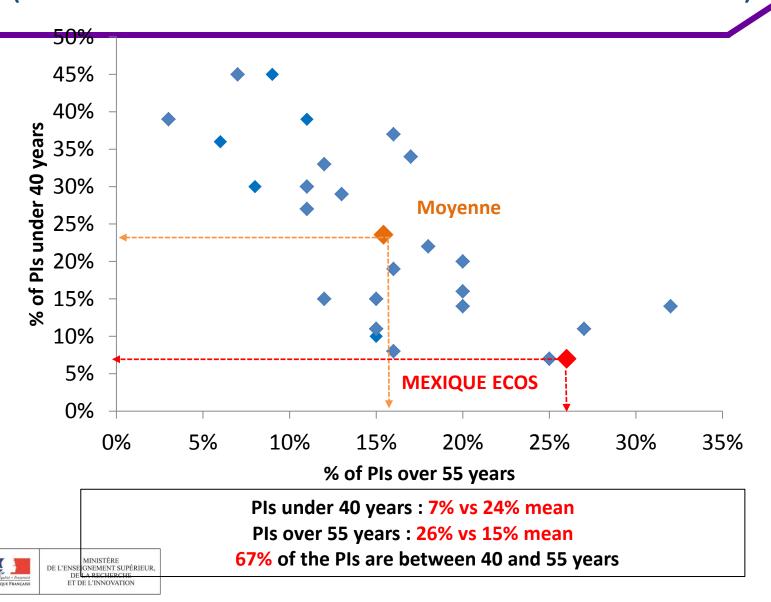
# MAIN FRENCH PARTICIPATING INSTITUTIONS (LABORATORIES) /



Survey data

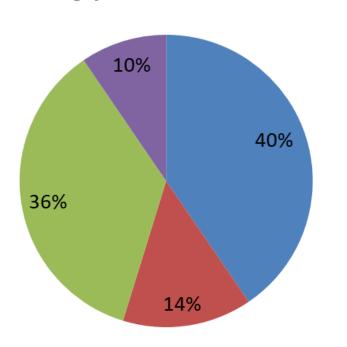
## AGE OF PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORS (PI)

(COMPARISON BETWEEN 26 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMMES)

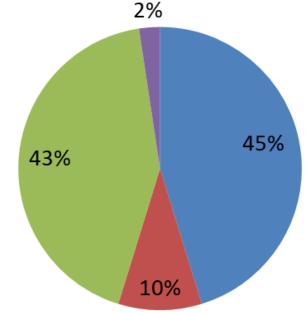


# FRENCH PIS (PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORS): STATUS

## **Starting professional status**



# Present professional status



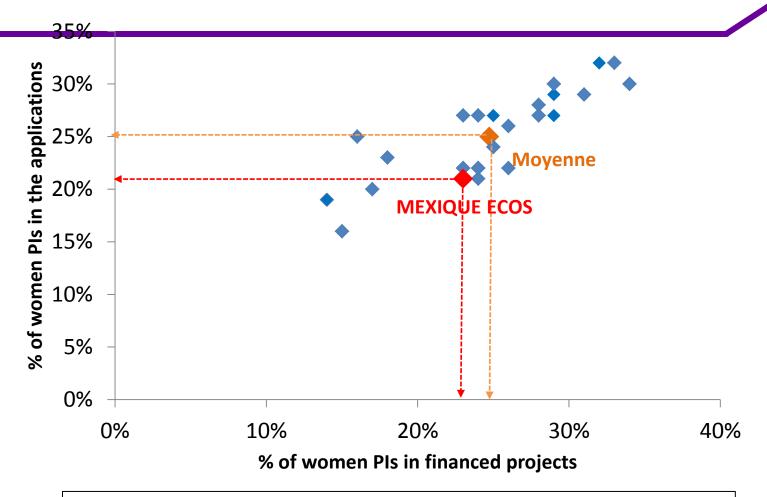
- Full professor
- Senior researcher
- Assistant professor
- Junior researcher

Survey data



## **IMPLICATION OF WOMEN (FRANCE)**

(COMPARISON BETWEEN 26 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMMES)

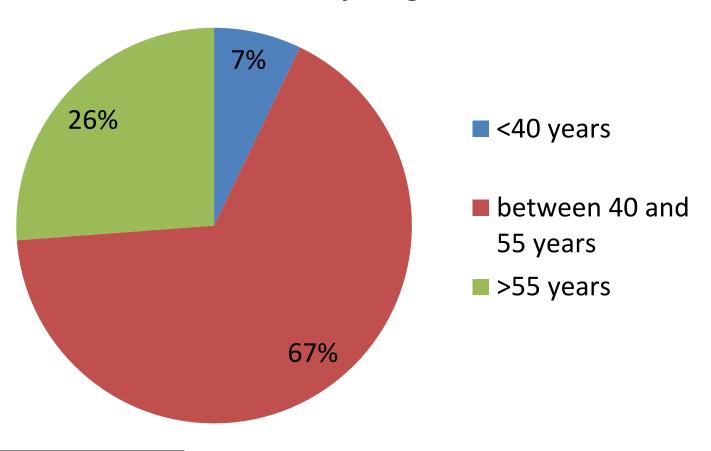


% of women PIs in the applications: 21% vs 25% mean % of women PIs in the selected projects: 23% vs 25% mean



# PARTICIPATION OF YOUNG RESEARCHERS (1/4)

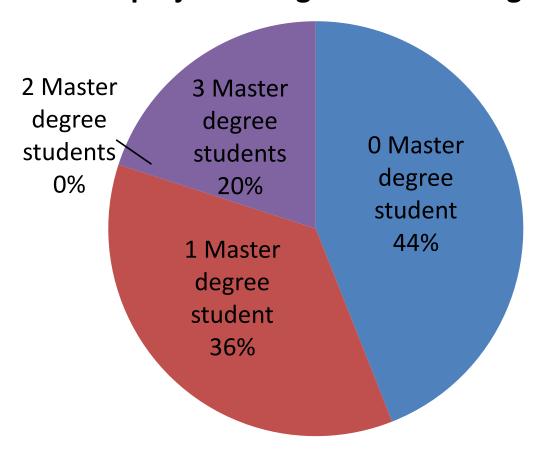
## **7**% of French PIs are young researchers



Survey data

# PARTICIPATION OF YOUNG RESEARCHERS (2/4)

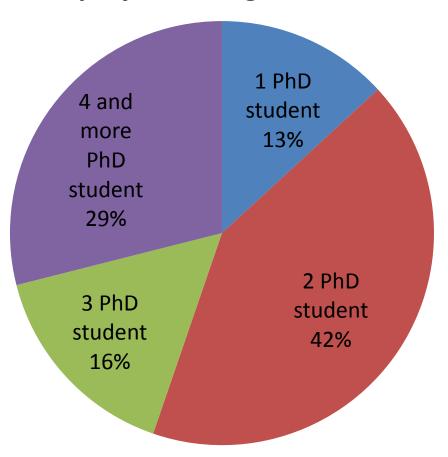
## **56** % of projects integrate Master degree students



Survey data

# PARTICIPATION OF YOUNG RESEARCHERS (3/4)

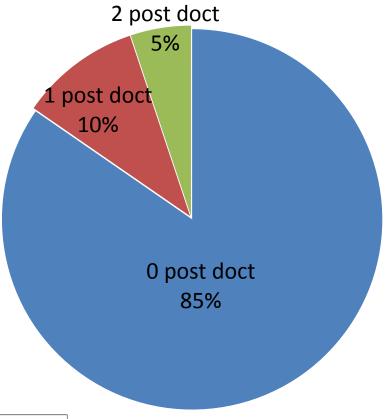
## **100** % of projects integrate PhD students



Survey data

# PARTICIPATION OF YOUNG RESEARCHERS (4/4)

## 15 % of projects integrate post-doctoral researchers

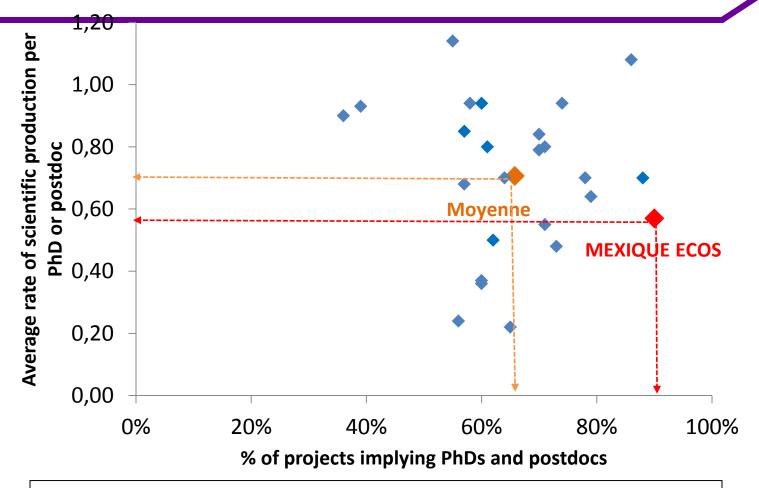


Survey data



#### **IMPLICATION OF PhDs**

#### (COMPARISON BETWEEN 26 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMMES)



% of projects implying PhDs: 90% vs 66% mean

Average rate of scientific production per PhD: 0,57 vs 0,70 mean

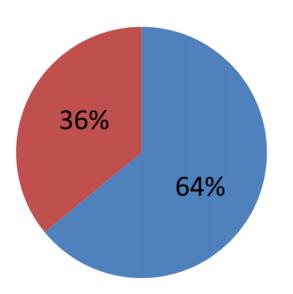


# Mobility

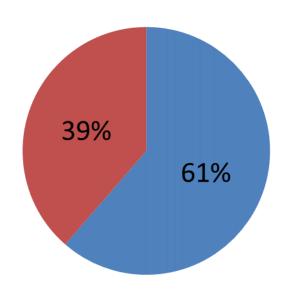


## **MOBILITY: GENDER**

France → Mexico



#### Mexico → France

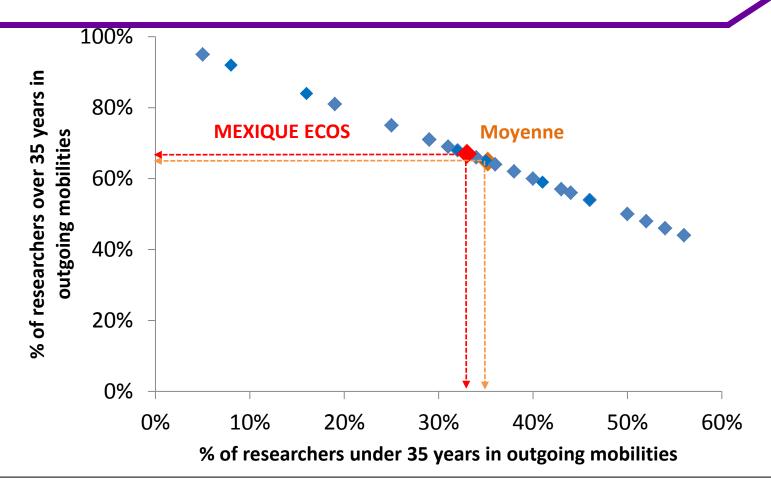


■ Men
■ Women

ECOS Committee data

#### **MOBILITY FRANCE – MEXICO**

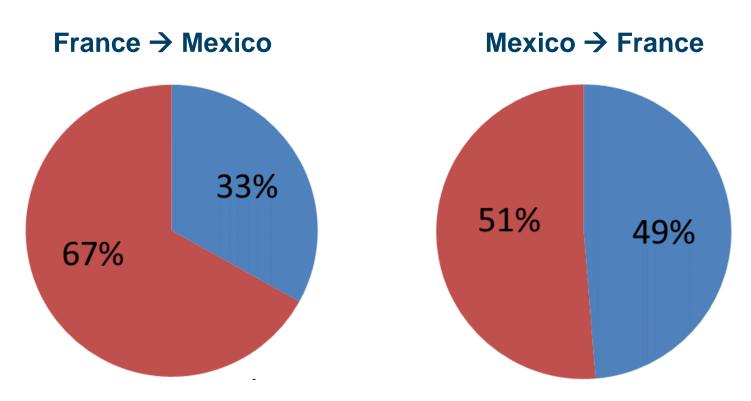
#### (COMPARISON BETWEEN 26 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMMES)



% of french young researchers in outgoing mobilities: 33% vs 35% mean



# **MOBILITY: STATUS**

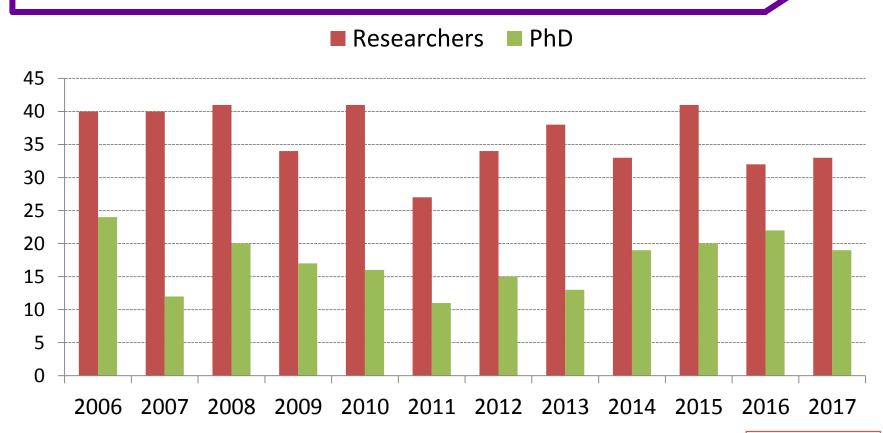


- Junior researchers
- Senior researchers

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# **MOBILITY FRANCE** → **MEXICO** : **STATUS**

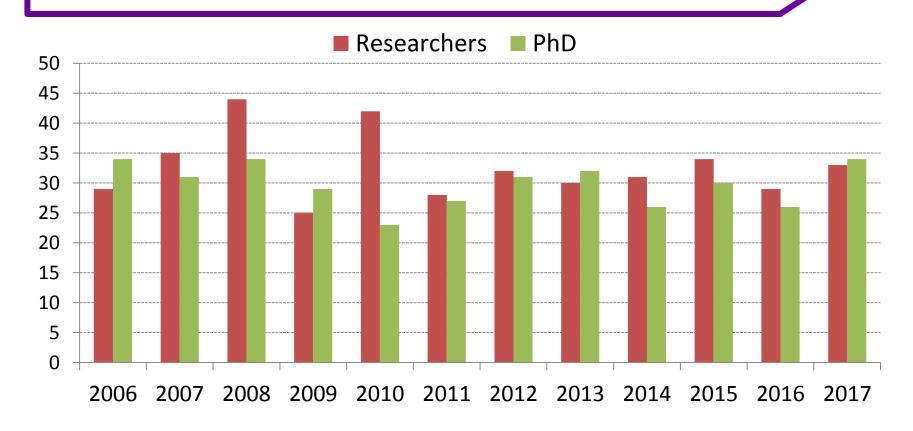


(number of mobilities according to the status)





# **MOBILITY MEXICO** → FRANCE : STATUS

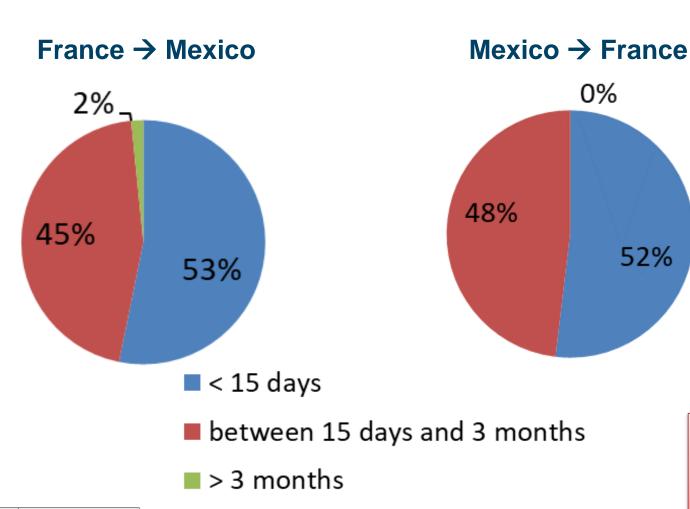


(number of mobilities according to the status)





## **MOBILITY: DURATION**

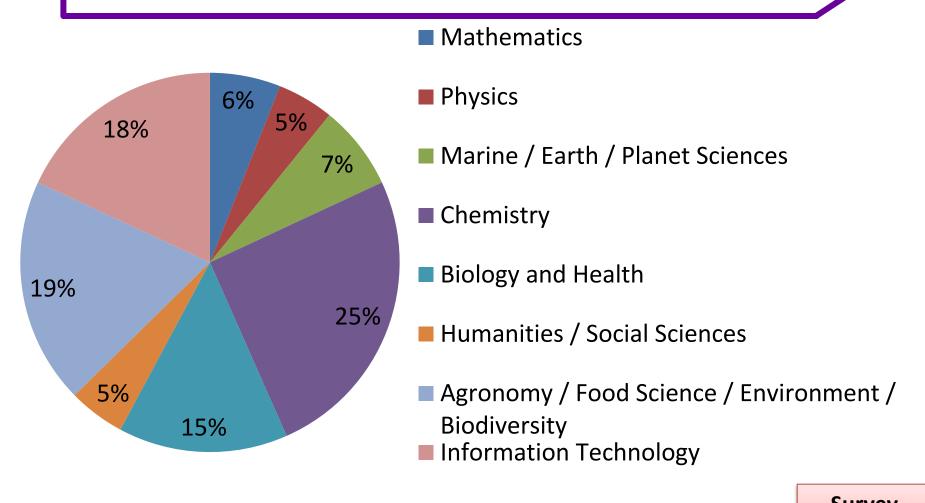


ECOS Committee data

# Scientific production



# SCIENTIFIC OUTPUT (1/2)





# SCIENTIFIC OUTPUT (2/2)

48% of funded projects led to one copublication at least 65% of copublications include at least 1 PHD or PostDoc

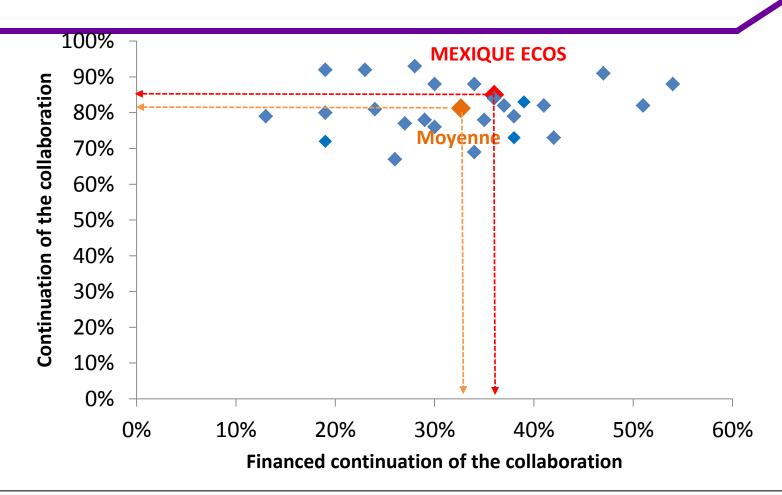
|   | Number of<br>funded projects<br>by thematic area | Ratio of<br>funded<br>projects by<br>thematic area | Number of copublications | Ratio of<br>copublicatio<br>ns by<br>thematic<br>area | Ratio of funded<br>projects by<br>thematic area<br>that led to one<br>copublication at<br>least | Ratio of<br>copublication<br>by project |
|---|--|--|--------------------------|---|---|---|
| Mathematics   | 6  | 14%  | 5                        | 6%  | 17%   | 0,8                                     |
| Physics   | 3  | 7%   | 4                        | 5%  | 67%   | 1,3                                     |
| Marine / Earth /<br>Planet Sciences                           | 3  | 7%   | 6                        | 7%  | 67%   | 2,0                                     |
| Chemistry   | 7  | 17%  | 21                       | 25%   | 71%   | 3,0                                     |
| <b>Biology and Health</b>                                     | 7  | 17%  | 12                       | 14%   | 43%   | 1,7                                     |
| Humanities / Social Sciences                                  | 8  | 19%  | 4                        | 5%  | 25%   | 0,5                                     |
| Agronomy / Food<br>Science /<br>Environment /<br>Biodiversity | 5  | 12%  | 16                       | 19%   | 80%   | 3,2                                     |
| Information<br>Technology                                     | 3  | 7%   | 15                       | 18%   | 33%   | 5,0                                     |
| TOTAL   | 42   | 100%   | 83                       | 100%  | 48%   | 2,0                                     |



Survey data

# What happens after a ECOS Nord Mexique Project?

# CONTINUATION OF THE COLLABORATION (1/4) (COMPARISON BETWEEN 26 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMMES)

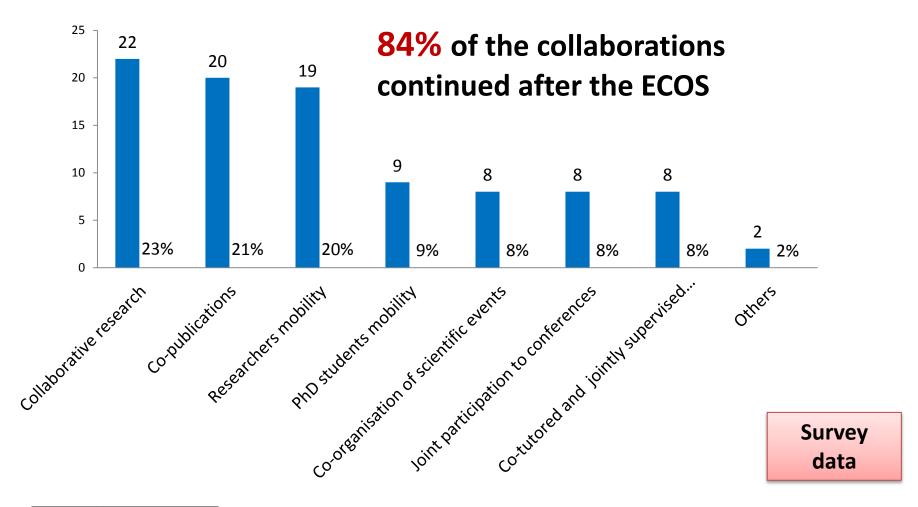


Continuation of the collaboration: 84% vs 81% mean

Continuation of the collaboration with other sources of subvention: 36% vs 33% mean

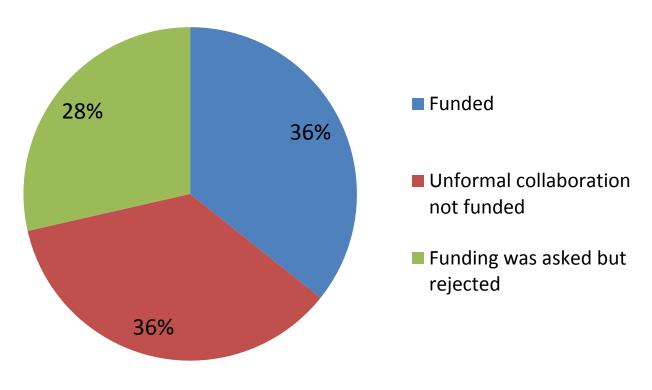


# CONTINUATION OF THE COLLABORATION (1/4)



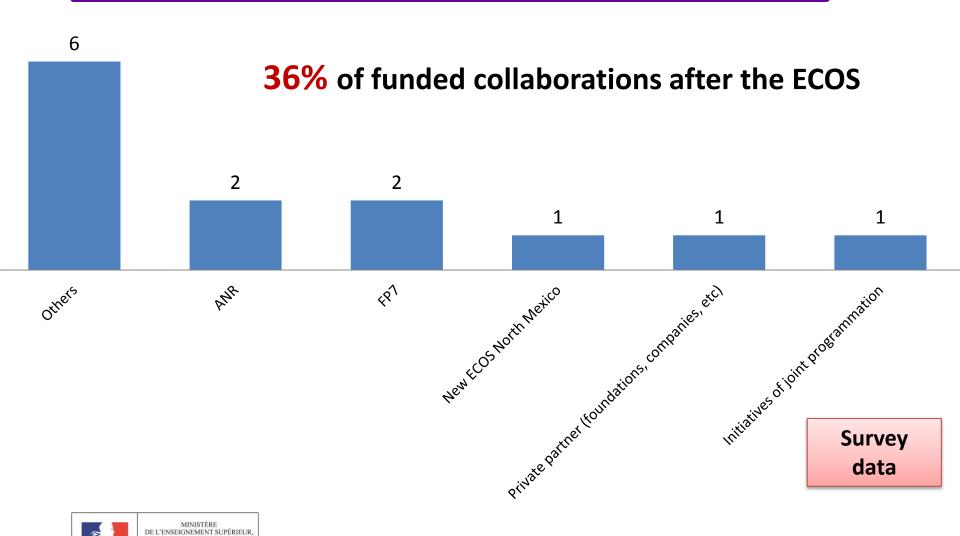
# CONTINUATION OF THE COLLABORATION (2/4)

#### **36%** of funded collaborations after the ECOS



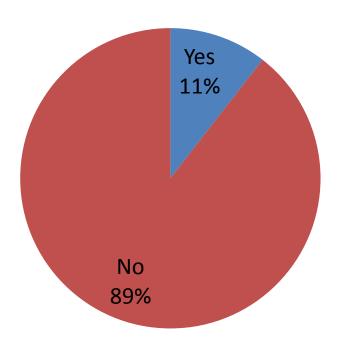
Survey data

# CONTINUATION OF THE COLLABORATION (3/4)

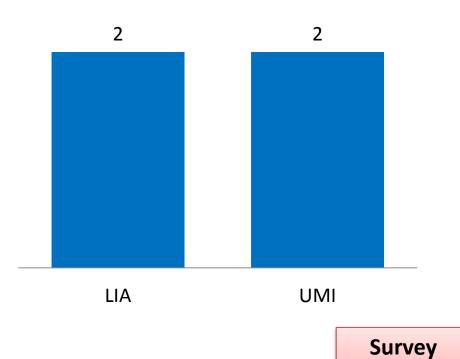


# CONTINUATION OF THE COLLABORATION (4/4)

Did the project ECOS lead to the establishment of joint structures?



## Type of structures

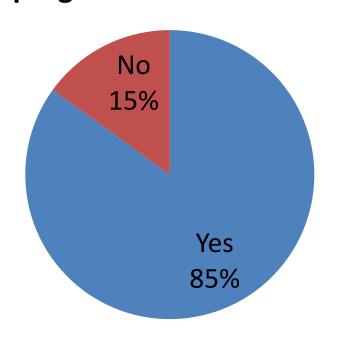




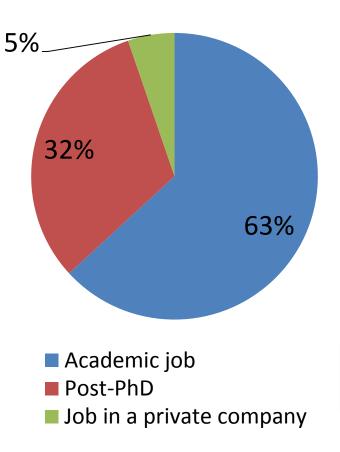
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# IMPACT ON YOUNG RESEARCHERS' CAREER

% of young researchers whose career was impacted by the ECOS program



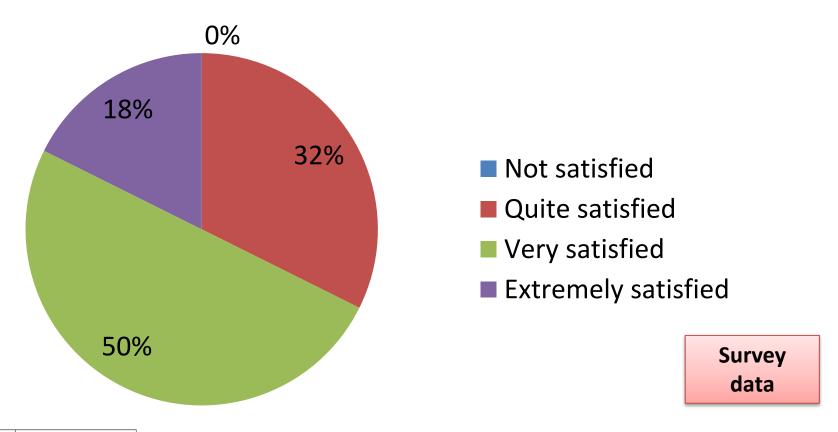
#### Type of impacts



Survey data

# GENERAL OPINION OF FRENCH PIS ON THE PROGRAMME

## 100% of french principal investigators are satisfied



# PRELIMINARY CONCLUSIONS / RECOMMENDATIONS

#### **CONCLUSIONS**

- Top PHD students involvement (100 %)
- Mainly senior Principal Investigators (93 %)
- Good further scientific collaborations (84 %)
- Difficulties for obtaining financial support for further scientific collaborations (36 %)
- Good level of scientific outputs including at least 1 PHD students or post-doc (65%)
- Pretty good average rate of young researchers copublications(57%)

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS**

- Promote young researchers applications
- Promote women applications (only 21% of applicants are women)
- Improve sucess rate (22% in 2016)



## **CONCLUSIONS**

French national authorities (MESRI / MEAE) will provide a complete analysis of the survey (incl. on the scientific impact) and provide this to recipients of the funding and participants in this symposium.

Preliminary conclusions suggest that the funding scheme is efficiently contributing to creating (maintaining) fruitful and long term cooperation, despite the relatively low financial support, which is to be considered as "seed money".

Thank you for your attention

## **Contacts**

christophe.delacourt@recherche.gouv.fr <u>robert.gardette@recherche.gouv.fr</u> amandine.vogt@recherche.gouv.fr

